

00;00;19;15 - 00;03;06;47

Unknown

We shall overcome. We shall overcome. We shall overcome. Some deep in my. Oh, I to be li. We shall overcome some day will work hand in hand will walk hand in hand will walk hand her some day deep in my o hug do be we shall overcome some ye we shall live in peace we shall live in peace We shall live in peace some day keeping ma o r jubilee wish o overcome some d we are not of re we are not of who re we are not afraid to day.

00;03;06;47 - 00;04;13;38

Unknown

Yea o deep in my heart. Oh, I do believe we shall overcome some d The civil rights movement was established in order to get equal rights for Americans of African descent. The movement started in 1954 and lasted ten years. Now, during this period of time, black people were still dealing with discrimination and segregation. Laws were still being passed in some states to limit the voting rights for black Americans.

00;04;15;19 - 00;04;47;32

Unknown

There was a lot of important history being made before, during and after the movement towards civil rights. For example, before World War Two, black people worked as low income farmers and they were not allowed to serve in the military. Now, black people told the government if they were not given equal employment rights, they were going to march on Washington and they meant it.

00;04;49;07 - 00;05;31;52

Unknown

President Franklin Roosevelt issued an executive order number 8802 on June 25th, 1941. The order opened up national defense jobs to Americans regardless of race, creed, color or national origin. There was discrimination in the military, but black men and women served anyway. It was in 1948 that Harry Truman issued his executive order number 9981 that ended discrimination in the military.

00;05;33;42 - 00;06;10;52

Unknown

On December 1st, 1955, Rosa Parks refused to give up her seat in the back of the bus to a white man who could not find the seat in the front of the bus. She was arrested. She was declared the mother of the civil rights movement. In 1954, the United States Supreme Court made segregation illegal in public schools in the case of Brown versus the Board of Education.

00;06;11;55 - 00;06;55;53

Unknown

On September 3rd, 1957, nine black students known as the Little Rock Nine arrived at Central High School in Little Rock, Arkansas. They

were met by an angry crowd who did not want them there. President Dwight Eisenhower ordered federal troops to escort the nine students to the school and to their classes. On February 1st, 1960, in Greensboro, North Carolina, four college students were denied service at a Woolworth's lunch counter.

00;06;56;50 - 00;07;37;00

Unknown

This led to the Greensboro sit in when the protesters did not get the results they wanted. They boycott of all segregated lunch counters. The owners finally gave in and the four students returned to that same Woolworth's and were served. Go sit at the welcome table. I go sit at the welcome table. But it is day. Hallelujah. Oh, go sit at the welcome table.

00;07;37;08 - 00;08;17;37

Unknown

I'm gonna sit at the welcome table. One of these days, I'm. Go, please don't milk and honey. Oh, don't. Please don't milk and honey. Nobody is now. Oh, please don't milk and honey, please don't milk and honey of these days. Oh, I'm gonna sit at the Woolworth counter. Oh, oh, oh, oh. I'm gonna sit at Dad. Will work out what it is day that you will set at the Woolworth car, huh?

00;08;17;45 - 00;08;45;19

Unknown

I'm gonna sit at that will work counter to day. Oh, oh, oh. Sit at the welcome table. Oh, oh, oh. I'm gonna sit at the welcome table. Somebody that I low. Yeah, oh. Gonna sit at the welcome table. I'm gonna sit at the welcome table. I'm gonna sit at the Woolworth counter. I'm gonna sit in front of the bus.

00;08;45;37 - 00;09;20;34

Unknown

I'm gonna sit down where I'm gonna sit at the welcome table Set up the welcome table I'm gonna sit at the welcome table to be Yes, I am. On May 4th, 1961, this is where it gets good. Seven black and six white young people who call themselves the freedom fighters got on a Greyhound bus headed south to protest segregation.

00;09;20;59 - 00;10;06;54

Unknown

Bus terminals. At one time, the Supreme Court declared the segregation of interstate transportation facilities, a.k.a. bus terminals, unconstitutional. Not in the fall of 1961, under pressure from the Kennedy administration, regulations were issued that prohibited segregation in bus stations. On August 28th, 1963, more than 200,000 people participated in the March on Washington for the purpose of forcing civil and equal rights for all people.

00;10;07;53 - 00;10;58;52

Unknown

It was where Martin Luther King made his I Have a Dream speech. Busses are coming. Oh. Oh, yeah. Busses are coming. Oh, yeah. Busses are coming. Busses are coming. Busses are coming. Oh, yeah. Rolling in from Jackson. Oh, yeah. Rolling in from Jackson. Oh, yeah.

00;11;00;57 - 00;12;13;23

Unknown

Busses are coming. Busses are coming. Busses are coming. Oh, yeah. They're rolling in from Selma. Oh, oh, yeah. They're rolling in from some. Oh, oh, oh, yeah. Oh. Busses are coming. Busses are coming. Busses are coming. Oh, yeah. Coming from Birmingham. Oh, yeah. Oh, they coming from Burman. Oh. Oh, yeah. Busses are coming. Busses are coming in. Busses are coming.

00;12;14;24 - 00;13;33;05

Unknown

Oh, yeah. They're coming from South Carolina. Oh. Oh, yeah. They're coming from South Carolina. Oh, yeah. Busses are coming. Busses are coming. Busses are coming. Oh, yeah. Busses are. Come. Oh, yeah. Busses are coming. Oh, yeah. Busses. Oh, come on. Busses. Oh, rock. Oh, man. Busses. Oh, come them. Oh, yeah. Now, others who made significant contributions and or sacrifices for the movement were John Lewis, Malcolm X, James Farmer.

00;13;33;46 - 00;14;29;06

Unknown

Hosea Williams. Whitney Young. Thurgood Marshall, Roy Wilkins, among many, many others. On July 2nd, 1964, President Lyndon Baines Johnson signed the Civil Rights Bill, which ended segregation in public places and banned employment discrimination. The Civil Rights Movement was an empowering and turbulent time for black people in America. There would be many more hurdles to cross in the quest for equal rights.

00;14;30;40 - 00;15;09;14

Unknown

We shall not. We shall not be moved. We shall not. We shall not be. Just like a tree that's buried by the water. We shall not. Oh, we shall not. We shall not be moved. We shall not. We shall not be moved. Just like a tree that's planted by the water with. No.

00;15;11;49 - 00;15;49;10

Unknown

Oh, we're on our way to victory. We shall not be moved. We are on our way to victory. We shall not be moved. Just like the tree that's planted by the water. Oh, we shall not be moved. Oh, we're on our way to freedom. We shall not be moved. We will live free. We shall not be just like a tree that's planted by the water.

00;15;49;10 – 00;15;55;47

Unknown

We shall not be moved.

00;15;58;56 – 00;16;39;36

Unknown

The following are but a few of the hundreds of African-Americans who made their mark in history despite the difficulties. Benjamin Banneker worked side by side with Major Andrew Ellicott in a survey that established the original borders of what is now known as Washington, D.C.. Benjamin Banneker was a farmer and the astronomer who predicted the solar eclipse of 1789.

00;16;39;56 – 00;17;20;04

Unknown

Shirley Chisholm was the first black woman elected to Congress. Claudette Colvin was 15 years old when she was arrested for not sitting in the back of the bus. Jesse Benga founded the first privately owned African American Bank in Chicago. Maggie Walker was the first African American female bank president. Bessie Coleman was the first licensed female black pilot in the world.

00;17;21;45 – 00;18;05;02

Unknown

The Tuskegee Airmen were the first black military aviators in the United States Army Air Corps. Benjamin Davis was the first black general in the American military. Wilma Rudolph, despite having polio when she was very young, became the first American woman period to win three gold medals in track and field in the 1960 Olympic Games. Her performance also earned her the title of The Fastest Woman in the World.

00;18;06;43 – 00;18;40;56

Unknown

Jesse Owens was the first African who was the first American track and field athlete to win four gold medals at the 1936 Olympic Games. I'm going to say that again. Jesse Owens was the first American track and field athlete to win four gold medals at the 1936 Olympic Games. Gordon Parks was a photographer, musician, writer and film director.

00;18;41;05 – 00;19;25;33

Unknown

In the 1940s, Dr. Rebecca Lee Crumpler was the first black female doctor in the United States. Marian Anderson was the first African-American to perform at the White House, Lincoln Memorial and the New York Metropolitan Opera. Barack Hussein Obama, the first black American to become president of the United States, moved into the White House in 2009, and he lived there for eight years.

00;19;25;47 – 00;20;13;42

Unknown

Kamala Harris became the first female and person of color to become vice president of the United States of America in 2021. Can you believe that? We have traveled over 400 years and we still have a long way to go. But we'll stop for a moment. Just a moment. Whenever you read the history or the stories of African-American people, be you read yellow, black or white.

00;20;14;24 - 00;20;48;05

Unknown

Put yourselves in their place. If you look at the history from the inside out, just maybe you will find the determination, the dedication, and the courage needed to live the dream that Martin Luther King spoke out in his I Have a Dream speech. And I encourage you to go back. If you've listened to it once or if you haven't never listened to it, go back and listen to it.

00;20;49;35 - 00;21;46;53

Unknown

Could it be that you will be the ones to write the schoolbooks that include the history of all the people who live in America? Hold oh, hold on. Keep your eyes on the prize. Hold on, hold. Oh, oh, oh. Keep your eyes on the prize. Hold on. I'm gonna board that big greyhound. Carry love from town to town.

00;21;47;18 - 00;22;50;46

Unknown

Keep your eyes on the prize. Oh, hold on, hold. Oh, hold. Oh, keep your eyes on the prize. Hold all. Now, the only thing that I'd done wrong stayed in the wilderness too long. Keep your eyes on the prize. Hold on, hold. Oh, hold. Oh, keep your eyes on the prize. Oh, keep your eyes on the prize. Hold on.

00;22;50;46 - 00;23;18;31

Unknown

Keep your eyes on the prize. Hold on. Mm. Keep your eyes on the prize. Oh, oh, thank you.